Low C V P Paper UK Bio-Diesel economics

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Low C V P Paper

- Seed to tank economics
- ✤ Teesside Network
- ✤ Assumptions
- を Results
- ✤ Proposals

Seed to tank economics

- Developed from Newcastle University work
- Tested against real market values
- **b** Stretched against realistic technology targets
- Fixed/ variable costs tested against technology providers and EU market players

Teesside Network

- を Terra Industries
- 🕹 Agronomists
- 😼 East Durham farmers
- Semb-Corp utility generator
- 😼 Simon Storage
- を Petroplus
- を Farmway

Assumptions

- ➢ Return on capital set for local development
- Brown-field development site
- ➢ Grant aid will be forthcoming from local government
- Depreciation taken over 15 years
- ➢ Repayment rate set at 10%
- ➢ Diesel price \$225/ te
- ≽ Farm is difficult to model issue of return on capital employed
- Oilseed supply modeled by Local Government District. Winter oilseed rape and total set-aside area were taken from the national agricultural census, 2002. The potential grown area was assumed to be main regime plus 20% of set-aside i.e. 1 year in 5 for rotational considerations).

Results

> Does not make economic sense today

- Reducing duty on FAME encourages investment
- ➢ Grant aid encourages JV's
- Low interest encourages JV's
- Biggest sensitivities are on the farm. For example, yield, area aid, oil content of seed
- In order to make it happen we need to find a way of sharing out the gain/ pain



➢ Carbon impact is a reduction of 3%



Figure shows % GHG **saving** for RME relative to diesel



Results

65% reduction assumed – as all bi-products have value

≥ 95% of fuel energy from mineral diesel

Hence energy content of blend is

- -95% + (5*0.35)% = 97%
- 3% reduction in carbon emissions

Proposals

Investment in bio-diesel blending can be delivered on relatively short timescales

- Proven Manufacturing and end use Technology UK and EU
- Skill bases exist in UK
- UK Logistics enable short delivery timescales
- Teesside Consortium continues to plan investment
- Looking for involvement with HMG to build on assumptions and develop way forward to assure support is focussed to deliver UK carbon benefits
 - Grants/ Loans/ Duty status

Proposals

🕹 For example

- Investment in a number of local Bio-Diesel facilities can generate 3% reduction in CO2 emissions from Diesel Engine Road Vehicles
- This is equivalent to 1.5% reduction in emissions from all passenger car vehicles – assuming 50% of car park is diesel powered.